



AB Emerging Markets Multi-Asset Portfolio

Strategy

Seeks to maximize total return by:

- Dynamically adjusting exposure to emerging markets by investing across asset classes, which include equities, fixed income and currencies
- Building an unconstrained portfolio to maximize total return and minimize volatility
- Employing a disciplined investment process that draws on our global research platform and multi-asset capabilities

Profile

The Portfolio is designed as a solution for investors who seek to maximize total return while also seeking to moderate volatility by investing in a multi-asset fund which actively adjusts investment exposures.

- **Fund Inception:** 01/06/2011
- **Domicile:** Luxembourg
- **Fiscal Year End:** 31-May
- **Subscription/Redemption:** Daily
- **Net Assets:** \$656,14 million
- **Total # of Holdings:** 447
- **Order Placement Cutoff Time:** 4PM US ET; 6PM CET for Currency-Hedged share classes
- **Base Currency:** US Dollar
- **Benchmark:** MSCI Emerging Markets Index¹
- **Fund Type:** SICAV

Portfolio Management & Experience

- **Richard Cao:** 10 years
- **Christian DiClementi:** 22 years
- **Eric Liu:** 18 years
- **Sammy Suzuki, CFA:** 32 years

Risk Profile



The risk indicator assumes you keep your investment in the Portfolio for 5 years. This is the recommended holding period for this Portfolio. You may not be able to sell your shares easily or you may have to sell at a price that significantly impacts on how much you get back. The summary risk indicator (SRI) is a guide to the level of risk of this Portfolio compared to other investment funds. It shows how likely it is that the Portfolio will lose money because of movements in the markets.

Growth of USD 10,000



Past performance does not guarantee future results.

The performance shown is net of ongoing charges and assumes an investment of USD 10,000 at inception of the share class. Other personal securities account costs (e.g., custody fees) may additionally reduce performance.

Complete 12 Month Returns %

Class	07/15 06/16	07/16 06/17	07/17 06/18	07/18 06/19	07/19 06/20	07/20 06/21	07/21 06/22	07/22 06/23	07/23 06/24	07/24 06/25
I CHF H	-2,29	13,30	-3,74	0,07	-5,54	30,65	-26,60	-0,23	16,32	8,70
I EUR H	-1,44	13,83	-3,47	0,33	-5,37	31,00	-26,66	0,51	18,95	11,11
I GBP H	-0,85	14,76	-2,56	1,41	-5,31	31,89	-26,00	1,71	20,50	12,99
I USD	-0,64	15,86	-0,68	3,71	-2,44	32,93	-25,37	4,00	21,43	13,60
ID USD	-0,60	15,98	-0,79	3,70	-2,42	32,96	-25,38	3,93	21,54	13,63
Benchmark	-12,05	23,75	8,20	1,21	-3,39	40,90	-25,28	1,75	12,55	15,29

Past performance does not guarantee future results.

Performance % (Returns Are Annualized For Periods Longer Than One Year)

Class	1 Month	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years	Since Inception
I CHF H	5,36	9,34	8,70	8,05	3,88	2,00	0,69
I EUR H	5,51	10,30	11,11	9,93	5,00	2,75	1,38
I GBP H	5,74	11,32	12,99	11,46	6,21	3,71	2,16
I USD	5,77	11,70	13,60	12,79	7,32	5,11	3,18
ID USD	5,79	11,71	13,63	12,80	7,33	5,13	4,24
Benchmark	6,01	15,27	15,29	9,70	6,81	4,81	2,82^a

Past performance does not guarantee future results. ^aSince inception performance is from inception date of Class I USD. See page 2 for inception dates.

Calendar Year Performance %

Class	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
I CHF H	10,56	-1,92	-24,56	11,53	9,83
I EUR H	10,60	-1,67	-24,64	13,55	12,55
I GBP H	10,60	-0,98	-23,76	15,15	14,04
I USD	13,49	-0,64	-22,13	16,64	14,49
ID USD	13,42	-0,54	-22,17	16,75	14,43
Benchmark	18,31	-2,54	-20,09	9,83	7,50

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The value of investments and the income from them will vary. Your capital is at risk. Performance data are provided in the share class currency, and include the change in net asset value and the reinvestment of any distributions paid on Portfolio shares for the period shown. Performance data are net of management fees, but do not reflect sales charges or the effect of taxes. Returns for other share classes will vary due to different charges and expenses.

Source: AllianceBernstein (AB).

NOTES

¹The Portfolio uses the Benchmark shown for comparison purposes only. The Portfolio is actively managed and the Investment Manager is not constrained by its Benchmark when implementing the Portfolio's investment strategy. The MSCI Emerging Markets Index (free float-adjusted market capitalization weighted) represents the equity market performance of emerging markets. An investor cannot invest directly in an index, and their results are not indicative of the performance for any specific investment, including an AB fund. Indices do not include sales charges or operating expenses associated with an investment in a mutual fund, which would reduce total returns.

Share Class Information

Class	ISIN	Bloomberg	Inception	Dist. Yield ²	Dividend ³	Net Asset Value ⁴
I CHF H	LU0633142343	ABEMICH:LX	25/07/2011	-	-	16,50
I EUR H	LU0633142426	ABEMIEH:LX	01/06/2011	-	-	18,20
I GBP H	LU0633142699	ABEMIGH:LX	01/06/2011	-	-	20,26
I USD	LU0633141378	ABEMIUI:LX	01/06/2011	-	-	23,30
ID USD	LU0633141535	ABEMIDU:LX	03/11/2011	4,66	0,04	10,78

NOTES

²Yields are calculated based on the latest available distribution rate per share for a particular class. The yield is not guaranteed and will fluctuate.

³For distributing classes, a Portfolio may pay dividends from gross income (before reduction for fees and expenses), realized and unrealized gains, and capital attributable to the relevant class. Investors should note that distributions in excess of net income (gross income less fees and expenses) may represent a return of the investor's original investment amount and as such may result in a decrease in the net asset value per unit for the relevant class. Distributions out of capital may be taxed as income in certain jurisdictions.

⁴Net asset value is denominated in the share class currency.

Fees & Charges

Class	Max Entry Charge %*	Exit Charge	Ongoing Charge %**	Performance Fee
I CHF H	1,50	none	1,08	none
I EUR H	1,50	none	1,08	none
I GBP H	1,50	none	1,08	none
I USD	1,50	none	1,08	none
ID USD	1,50	none	1,08	none

Ongoing charges include fees and certain expenses of the Portfolio as of the most recent KID, and may be subject to a cap which is reflected above if applicable. Full details of the charges are available in the Portfolio's prospectus. *This is the maximum figure; the entry charge may be less than this. **Ongoing Charge include management fees and other administrative or operating costs. This is an estimate based on actual costs over the last year.

Holdings & Allocations

Top Ten Holdings	%
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing	5,94
Tencent Holdings Ltd.	4,57
Samsung Electronics	2,84
Xiaomi Corp.	2,44
Alibaba Group Holding	2,32
ICICI Bank Ltd.	1,83
Itau Unibanco Holding SA	1,81
MediaTek, Inc.	1,78
Grupo Financiero Banorte SAB de CV	1,62
NetEase, Inc.	1,56
Total	26,71

Source: AllianceBernstein (AB). Portfolio holdings and weightings are subject to change.

Asset Allocation	%
Emerging Markets - Equity	64,98
Emerging Markets - Hard Currency	30,19
Emerging Markets - Corporate Bonds	4,14
Emerging Markets - Local Currency	0,69
Sectors: Top Equity	%
Financials	26,49
Information Technology	24,99
Consumer Discretionary	14,24
Communication Services	13,02
Real Estate	3,25
Sectors: Top Fixed Income	%
Emerging Markets - Hard Currency	86,19
Emerging Markets - Corporate Bonds	11,83
Emerging Markets - Local Currency	1,98

Portfolio Statistics

Average Credit Quality	BB
Country Allocation	%
China	22,63
Taiwan	11,07
South Korea	10,35
India	9,96
Brazil	6,46
United Arab Emirates	4,06
Mexico	3,99
South Africa	2,28
Turkey	1,87
Other	27,33
Currency Allocation	%
US Dollar	33,18
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	18,29
Indian Rupee	13,04
New Taiwan Dollar	9,62
South Korean Won	5,84
Brazilian Real	5,67
UAE Dirham	3,76
Philippine Peso	3,21
South African Rand	2,26
Other	5,13

Investment Risks To Consider These and other risks are described in the Portfolio's prospectus.

Investment in the Portfolio entails certain risks. Investment returns and principal value of the Portfolio will fluctuate so that an investor's shares, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. Some of the principal risks of investing in the Portfolio include:

Emerging-Markets Risk: Where the Portfolio invests in emerging markets, these assets are generally smaller and more sensitive to economic and political factors, and may be less easily traded, which could cause a loss to the Portfolio.

Allocation Risk: The risk that the allocation of investments between growth and value companies may have a more significant effect on the Portfolio's Net Asset Value (NAV) when one of these strategies is not performing as well as the other. In addition, the transaction costs of rebalancing the investments may, over time, be significant.

Portfolio Turnover Risk: A portfolio may be actively managed and turnover may, in response to market conditions, exceed 100%. A higher rate of portfolio turnover increases brokerage and other expenses. High portfolio turnover may also result in the realization of substantial net short-term capital gains, which may be taxable when distributed.

Smaller Capitalization Companies Risk: Investment in securities of companies with relatively small market capitalizations may be subject to more abrupt or erratic market movements because the securities are typically traded in lower volume and are subject to greater business risk.

Derivatives Risk: The Portfolio may include financial derivative instruments. These may be used to obtain, increase or reduce exposure to underlying assets and may create gearing; their use may result in greater fluctuations of the net asset value.

OTC Derivatives Counterparty Risk: Transactions in over-the-counter (OTC) derivatives markets may have generally less governmental regulation and supervision than transactions entered into on organized exchanges. These will be subject to the risk that its direct counterparty will not perform its obligations and that the Portfolio will sustain losses.

Commodity-Related Risk: Investing in commodity-linked derivative instruments may result in greater volatility than investments in traditional securities. Their value may be affected by market movements, commodity index volatility, changes in interest rates, or, where specific to a particular industry or commodity, such as extreme weather, livestock disease, embargoes, tariffs and international economic, political and regulatory developments.

Structured Investments Risk: These types of instruments are potentially more volatile and carry greater market risks than traditional debt instruments, depending on the structure. Changes in a benchmark may be magnified by the terms of the structured instrument and have an even more dramatic and substantial effect upon its value. These instruments may be less liquid and more difficult to price than less complex instruments.

Equity Securities Risk: The value of equity investments may fluctuate in response to the activities and results of individual companies or because of market and economic conditions. These investments may decline over short- or long-term periods.

Real Estate Investment Trust (REIT) Risk: Investing in equity REITs may be affected by changes in the value of the underlying property owned by the REITs, while mortgage REITs may be affected by the quality of any credit extended. REITs depend on management skills, are not diversified, subject to heavy cash-flow dependency, default by borrowers and self-liquidation and subject to interest-rate risks.

Fixed-Income Securities Risk: The value of these investments will change in response to fluctuations in interest rates and currency exchange rates, as well as changes in the credit quality of the issuer. Also, medium, lower and unrated securities may be subject to wider fluctuations in yield and market values than higher-rated securities.

Lower-Rated and Unrated Instruments Risk: These securities are subject to a greater risk of loss of capital and interest, and are usually less liquid and more volatile. Some investments may be in high-yielding fixed-income securities, so the risk of depreciation and capital losses may be unavoidable.

Sovereign Debt Obligations Risk: The risk that government-issued debt obligations will be exposed to direct or indirect consequences of political, social and economic changes in various countries. Political changes or the economic status of a country may impact the willingness or ability of a government to honour its payment obligations.

Corporate Debt Obligations Risk: The risk that a particular issuer may not fulfill its payment and other obligations. In addition, an issuer may experience adverse changes to its financial position or a decrease in its credit rating resulting in increased debt obligation price volatility and negative liquidity. There may also be a higher risk of default.

This is a marketing communication

Dividends are not paid for all share classes and are not guaranteed. The Portfolio is meant as a vehicle for diversification and does not represent a complete investment program. Before making an investment decision, prospective investors should read the prospectus carefully and discuss risk and the Portfolio's fees and charges with their financial adviser to determine if the investment is appropriate for them. This financial promotion is directed solely at persons in jurisdictions where the funds and relevant share class are registered or who may otherwise lawfully receive it. Investors should review the Portfolio's full Prospectus, together with the Portfolio's Key Investor Information Document (KIID) or Key Information Document (KID) and the most recent financial statements. Copies of these documents, including the latest annual report and, if issued thereafter, the latest semi-annual report, may be obtained free of charge from AllianceBernstein (Luxembourg) S.à r.l. by visiting www.alliancebernstein.com or www.eifs.lu/alliancebernstein, or in printed form by contacting the local distributor in the jurisdictions in which the funds are authorised for distribution.

Investors are encouraged to consult their independent financial advisors regarding the suitability of Shares of the Portfolio for their investment needs.

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The actual return achieved by investors in other currencies may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. Currency-hedged share classes (if shown) use hedging techniques in an attempt to reduce—but not eliminate—fluctuations between the investor's holdings in a particular currency-hedged share class denominated in the investor's investing currency and the Portfolio's base currency. The goal is to deliver returns that track the Portfolio's base currency returns more closely.

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