

ECHIQUIER AGENOR MID CAP EUROPE G

SEPTEMBER 2025 (data as of 09/30/2025)



Echiquier Agenor Mid Cap Europe is a bottom up stock-picking fund. It invests in European small and mid-cap growth stocks that are selected mainly for the quality of their Management.



.435 M€ Net assets



490.05€ NAV

Recommended investment horizon



Fund Managers

Stéphanie Bobtcheff, José Berros

Characteristics

Compartiment de Sicav Type Echiquier Creation of the Sicav 12/04/2012 Indefinite Lifetime Creation of the subfund 02/27/2004 Date of 1st NAV 02/22/2008 FR0010581710 Bloomberg code FCHAGEG FP

FUR Base currency

Income allocation Accumulation

MSCI EUROPE MID CAP NET Def Indic

RETURN EUR

SEDR classification Article 8

Financial information

3% max. not acquired by the Entry charge subfund

None

Exit charge Management fees 1.35% incl. taxes

No Performance fee

Swing pricing No (definition on last page)

Min subscription None

Fees as of 03/31/2025

Management fees and 1.36% other administrative

and operating expenses Transaction costs 0.62% Outperformance fees No

Operational information

Valorisation frequency Daily Cut off Settlement D+2

Fund administrator Société Générale Custodian BND Daribas SA Decimalisation Thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Agenor Mid Cap Europe G turned in a negative monthly performance of -0.02% and turned in a positive performance of 3.15% year-to-date.

Equity markets remained buoyant in September. The prospect of a more accommodative monetary policy in the United States overshadowed the ongoing economic difficulties in Europe and the risk of a new political deadlock in France. The fund underperformed slightly due to the decline in several of our heavily weighted defensive stocks: BEIJER REF (-9%, -33 bps): FURONEXT (-10% -31 bps); and SCOUT24 (-4% -17 bps). Despite revising its guidance upwards further. BIRKENSTOCK fell 13%, with the company now trading at a PEG ratio of less than 1x. Among the gainers, our defence sector stocks soared following Donald Trump's U-turn on Ukraine and Russia's repeated provocations of European countries: RENK (+40%) and HENSOLDT (+24%). Semiconductor stocks are in demand, supported by the AI theme which continues to gain momentum: ASM +24%, VAT +20%, and BESI +10%. We have initiated a position in Bilfinger, a German engineering services company that has successfully repositioned itself within the industry. Conversely, we are exiting our positions in THULE and PANDORA, which are heavily exposed to discretionary consumption.

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

			/ till datiood				
	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund	0.0	+3.2	-1.2	+6.8	+0.4	+6.4	+6.3
Ref. Indic.	+0.5	+16.7	+15.5	+17.3	+11.2	+8.1	+7.3

Annualised



Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Returns indicated are after management fees but before taxes paid by the investor The fund's performance and that of the benchmark index are calculated with net coupons reinvested. All fees and commissions are included in the

Until the 12/31/2012, the reference index was FTSE GLOBAL SMALL CAP EUROPE. Then until the 12/31/2021 MSCI EUROPE SM CAP NR. And since the 01/01/2022, MSCI EUROPE MID CAP NET RETURN EUR.

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	13.1	14.6	16.3	15.5	16.3
Ref. indicator volatility	13.3	14.0	15.4	17.4	19.0
Sharpe ratio	Neg	0.5	0.1	0.5	0.5
Beta	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9
Information ratio	-3.6	-1.7	-1.4	-0.2	-0.2
Tracking error	4.8	6.4	7.5	8.2	7.9
Max. drawdown of the fund	-17.6	-17.6	-36.4	-36.4	-52.1
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-13.9	-13.9	-29.8	-41.4	-55.6
Time to recovery (business days)	-	-	-	-	288.0

Risk indicator



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this risk, guarantees. The risk associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 4 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return

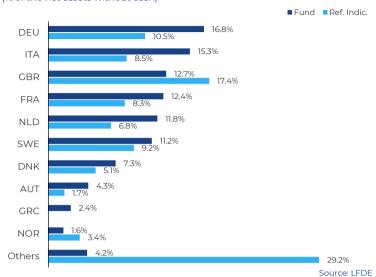
Fund Profile

EV/Sales 2025	4.6
PER 2025	23.9
Yield	2.8%
Active share	91 4%

Cash (% of the net assets)	7.5%
Number of positions	43
Average market capitalization (M€)	9,499
Median market capitalization (M€)	7,846
	Source: LFDE

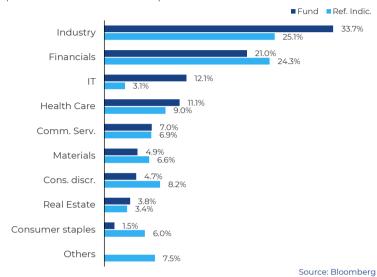
Geographic breakdown

(% of the net assets without cash)



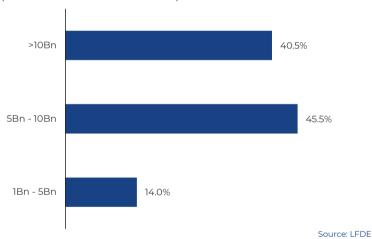
Sector breakdown

(% of the net assets without cash)



Capitalization breakdown (€)

(% of the net assets without cash)



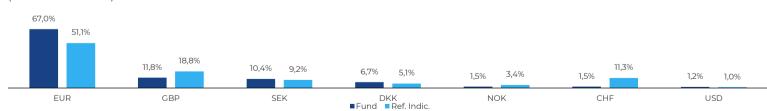
Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Sector	% of the net assets
Diploma	GBR	Industry	4.1
Spie	FRA	Industry	3.6
Scout24	DEU	Comm. Serv.	3.5
Beijer Ref B	SWE	Industry	3.5
Recordati	ITA	Health Care	3.3
ALK Abello	DNK	Health Care	3.2
ASM International	NLD	IT	3.2
Halma	GBR	IT	3.1
Tele2 B	SWE	Comm. Serv.	3.0
Euronext	NLD	Financials	2.9
Total weight of the top 10 holdings: 33.4%			

Source: LFDE

Currency breakdown

(% of the net assets)



Source: LFDE

Performance analysis (monthly)

Top 3 contributors				
Holdings		Performance	Contribution	
ASM International		24.4	0.6	
Renk		40.3	0.6	
Hensoldt		24.4	0.5	
Weight of the 3 contributors: 6.6%				

Flop 3 contributors				
Holdings	Performance	Contribution		
Beijer Ref B	-8.8	-0.3		
Euronext	-9.7	-0.3		
Birkenstock	-13.6	-0.2		
Weight of the 3 contributors: 8.1%				

Source: LFDE

GREaT profile of the portfolio

ESG Approach	Score improvement ¹
Weighted average GREaT score of the portfoio	6.65
Weighted average GREaT score of restated comparison universe ²	4.85

The GREaT score is based on an ESG analysis methodology proprietary to the LBP AM Group.

The $\stackrel{\cdot}{\mathsf{GREaT}}$ score scale ranges from 1 to 10, with 10 representing the highest ESG quality of an issuer.

¹ The ESG "score improvement" approach consists in obtaining a weighted average GREaT score for the portfolio that is higher than that of the restated comparison universe.

² The restated comparison universe corresponds to the universe from which we have removed a percentage of issuers - corresponding to the restatement rate of the comparison universe - being on an exclusion list applicable to the portfolio and/or having the worst GREaT scores.

ESG: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria.

To find out more about the composition of the comparison universe, please consult the fund's prospectus.

GREaT methodology



Responsible governance



Sustainable **R**esource

Encouraging the dissemination of best practices in corporate governance and business ethics.

Sustainable management of human and natural resources: respect for human rights, development of labor laws, sustainable relations with suppliers and environmental protection.



Energy Transition



Regional development

Manage climate risks by supporting the transition from a high-carbon economic model to a more sober and sustainable one.

Promote responsible practices that meet social and sustainable development objectives and create value for all

Glossary

Lexicon of financial conditions

Mechanism by which the net asset value is adjusted upwards (or downwards) when the change in liabilities is positive (or negative) in order to reduce the cost of Swing pricing portfolio rebalancing to the holders of the fund as a result of changes in liabilities

Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the

performance of a share, market or fund.

Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. Sharpe ratio

If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark

If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.

Bêta If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to

For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.

Information ratio Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.

An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is Tracking error

from its benchmark index.

Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.

days)

Sensitivity

Time to recovery (business Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").

Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis

FV/Sales Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales

Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.

Consumer discretionary In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential. **Basic consumption** As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.

Communication Services This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services

Emerging countries Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses

and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.

Commodities A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy

Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.

High vield bond A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.

The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.

Yield to worst The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.

Yield (all calls exercised) The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of

redeeming the bond before its final maturity date

For more information

The SICAV was created on December 4, 2012 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on February 27, 2004

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official

languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com. Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the

www.lfde.com company's website or directly via the https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities.

taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities. Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the Regulatory Information page of English the the management company's website www.lfde.com or on directly https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU