

# **ECHIQUIER OME G**

AUGUST 2025 (data as of 08/31/2025)



Echiquier QME is a quantitative managed fund seeking the highest return possible over an investment horizon of three years with a limited correlation to financial market trends, and an average annual volatility below 10%.



9 M€ Net assets



104.05€ ΝΔΜ

Recommended investment horizon



### **Fund Managers**

Alexis Grutter, Ludovic Berthe

### Characteristics

Compartiment de Sicav Type Echiquier Creation of the Sicav 12/04/2012 Indefinite Lifetime Creation of the subfund 11/06/2015 Date of 1st NAV 12/01/2017 FR0013300076 Bloomberg code ECHQMGE FP

FUR Base currency

Income allocation Accumulation €STER CAPITALISE Ref Indic

SFDR classification

#### Financial information

3% max. not acquired by the Entry charge

subfund None

1.25% incl. taxes Management fees

Performance fee No

No (definition on last page) Swing pricing

Min. subscription

### Fees as of 03/31/2025

Exit charge

Management fees and 129% other administrative and operating expenses

Transaction costs None Outperformance fees No

### **Operational information**

Valorisation frequency Daily Cut off Settlement D+2

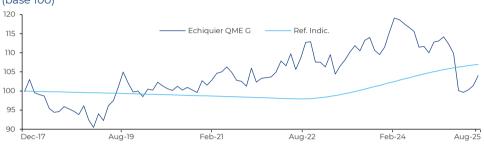
Société Générale Fund administrator BNP Paribas SA Custodian Thousandths Decimalisation

### **Fund Manager comments**

Echiquier QME G turned in a positive monthly performance of 2.62% and turned in a negative performance of -8.00% yearto-date.

The management company has decided to dissolve (liquidate) the fund on 12 September 2025 based on the net asset value as at 11 September 2025.

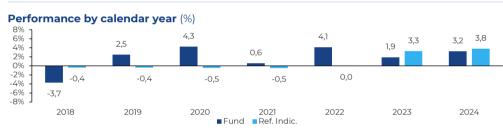
## Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

#### **Perf.** (%)

			Annualised				
	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	Since inception	
Fund	+2.6	-8.0	-6.6	-1.4	+0.8	+0.5	
Ref. Indic.	+0.2	+1.6	+2.7	+3.0	+1.6	+0.9	



Past performance is not an indication of future performance. Returns indicated are after management fees but before taxes paid by the investor

Until the 12/31/2021, the reference index was EONIA CAPITALISE. And since the 01/01/2022, €STER CAPITALISE

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	8.7	8.9	8.3		- 8.4
Sharpe ratio	Neg	Neg	0.2		- 0.1
Max. drawdown of the fund	-14.2	-17.3	-17.3		17.3
Time to recovery (business days)	_	-	_		

# **Risk indicator**



Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this credit risk, guarantees. The risk associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

The synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 3 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 3 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return

## V@R breakdown per asset class

- Government Bonds 15,6%
- Equity Indices 23,5%
- Currencies 18,6%
- Commodities 42,3%



### Correlation

	Echiquier QME	MSCI World	Investment Grade EUR*
Echiquier QME	1.0		
MSCI World	0.1	1.0	
Investment Grade EUR*	-0.2	0.2	1.0

\*Bloomberg EUR Investment Grade Corporate Index

# Glossary

## **Lexicon of financial conditions**

Mechanism by which the net asset value is adjusted upwards (or downwards) when the change in liabilities is positive (or negative) in order to reduce the cost of Swing pricing portfolio rebalancing to the holders of the fund as a result of changes in liabilities

#### Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the

performance of a share, market or fund.

Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. Sharpe ratio If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark.

If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.

Bêta If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to

For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.

Information ratio Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.

An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is Tracking error

from its benchmark index.

Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.

days)

Sensitivity

Time to recovery (business Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").

Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in

its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis

FV/Sales Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales

PER Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.

Consumer discretionary In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential. **Basic consumption** As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.

**Communication Services** This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services

**Emerging countries** Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses

and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.

Commodities A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy

## Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.

High vield bond A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.

The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.

**Yield to worst** The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.

Yield (all calls exercised) The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of

redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

### For more information

The SICAV was created on December 4, 2012 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on November 6, 2015

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official

languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com. Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the

www.lfde.com company's website or directly via the https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities.

taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities. Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the Regulatory Information page of the management company's website English the www.lfde.com or on directly

https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU