Jupiter Gold & Silver Fund

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Fund Objective and Investment Policy

Total return comprised of capital growth and income by investing predominantly in listed shares (i.e. equities) of companies with exposure to gold and silver metals. In seeking to achieve its investment objective, the fund aims to deliver a return, net of fees, greater than that of the composite benchmark comprising 50% Gold Spot Rate & 50% FTSE Gold Mines - Net Total Return Index over rolling 3 year periods. The Fund will invest at least 70% in company shares and similar investments listed anywhere in the world. Companies may be of all sizes and their operations and activities will be focused on or relate to gold and silver mining or holding bullion on a secure basis for shareholders.

Summary Risk Indicator

LOWER RISK ← → HIGHER RISK

1	2	3	4	5	**6**	7

TYPICALLY LOWER REWARDS TYPICALLY HIGHER REWARDS

Summary Risk Indicator (SRI): The SRI is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the fund. The lowest category does not mean 'no risk'. Please see the KID for further information.

Fund Ratings and Awards

★★★ Morningstar Rating™

ELITE FUND rated by FundCalibre.com

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Fund Performance as at 30.09.2026

Performance (%)

	1 m	3 m	YTD	1 yr	3 yrs	5 yrs	10 yrs
Fund	-11.0	17.7	1.0	27.5	263.2	233.2	240.9
Target Benchmark	-6.6	11.1	3.6	17.6	174.0	193.6	295.7

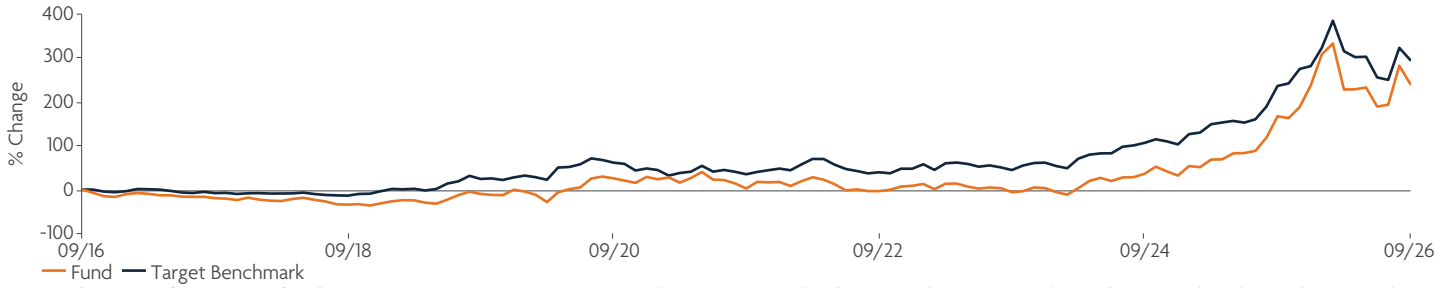
Rolling 12-month Performance (%)

	01 Oct '25 to 30 Sep '26	01 Oct '24 to 30 Sep '25	01 Oct '23 to 30 Sep '24	01 Oct '22 to 30 Sep '23	01 Oct '21 to 30 Sep '22	01 Oct '20 to 30 Sep '21	01 Oct '19 to 30 Sep '20	01 Oct '18 to 30 Sep '19	01 Oct '17 to 30 Sep '18	01 Oct '16 to 30 Sep '17
Fund	27.5	96.5	44.9	-2.4	-6.0	-18.5	39.6	37.5	-18.3	-19.9
Target Benchmark	17.6	62.9	43.0	3.7	3.4	-16.5	30.1	44.5	-6.4	-8.3

Calendar Year Performance (%)

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Fund	156.2	27.8	-4.9	-7.5	-9.0	29.4	45.7	-16.1	-2.0	-
Target Benchmark	88.2	25.8	9.5	-0.2	-0.2	16.0	32.9	5.2	-2.7	-

Performance Over 10 Years (%)



Past performance does not predict future returns. Returns may increase or decrease as a result of currency fluctuations. The performance data shown does not take account of the commissions and costs incurred on the issue and redemption of units.
Source: © 2026 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. Fund performance data for I EUR ACC is calculated on a NAV to NAV basis, income reinvested, net of fees. All information as at 30.09.2026 unless otherwise stated.
On 3rd December 2018 the benchmark changed from Gold price (XAU) to 50% Gold Price (XAU), 50% FTSE Gold Mines Index with net dividends re-invested.

Risks

Smaller companies - The fund invests in smaller companies, which can be less liquid than investments in larger companies and can have fewer resources than larger companies to cope with unexpected adverse events. In less favourable market conditions these companies may therefore under-perform larger companies and the fund may under-perform funds that invest predominantly in larger companies. **Liquidity risk** - Some investments may be hard to value or sell at a desired time and price. In extreme circumstances this may affect the fund's ability to meet redemption requests upon demand. **Derivative risk** - The fund may use derivatives to generate returns and/or to reduce costs and the overall risk of the fund. Using derivatives can involve a higher level of risk. A small movement in the price of an underlying investment may result in a disproportionately large movement in the price of the derivative investment. **Counterparty Default risk** - The risk of losses due to the default of a counterparty on a derivatives contract or a custodian that is safeguarding the fund's assets. **Pricing risk** - Price movements in financial assets mean the value of assets can fall as well as rise, with this risk typically amplified in more volatile market conditions. **Commodity prices** - The fund's investments are concentrated in natural resource companies, and may be subject to a greater degree of risk and volatility than a fund following a more diversified strategy. Silver tends to outperform gold in a rising gold price environment and it tends to underperform gold when sentiment moves against the sector. **Currency (FX) risk** - The fund can be exposed to different currencies and movements in foreign exchange rates can cause the value of investments to fall as well as rise. **Market concentration risk (sector)** - The fund's mining company investments may be exposed to jurisdictions where it is possible that regulation and other government action may negatively impact the value of the investments in the fund. For example a local government may increase taxes or royalty payments, impose stricter environmental standards and even in some more extreme cases take a stake in or even control of mines. For a more detailed explanation of risks, please refer to the **"Risk Factors"** section of the prospectus.

Fund Holdings as at 30.09.2026

Top Ten Holdings (% of net assets)

Discovery Mining Ltd	8.1
Sprott Physical Silver Etv	7.6
Sprott Physical Gld Slvr Unt Etv	6.1
Benz Mining Corp Cdi	5.0
Wheaton Precious Metals	4.7
Sprott Physical Gold Etv Unt	4.3
First Majestic Silver	4.1
Fresnillo Plc	3.9
Collective Mining	3.8
Coeur Mining	3.8
Total	**51.4**

Asset Allocation (%)

	Net Weight
Equity	82.1
Bullion	18.0
Fund	0.4
Warrant	0.0
	100.5
Cash	**-0.5**
Total	**100.0**

Charges and Codes

Share Class	Income Distribution Policy	ISIN	Bloomberg	Initial Charge (max.)	Ongoing Charges Figure	Annual Management Charge (max.)	Minimum Initial Investment	Minimum Top Up Investment
I EUR ACC	Accumulation	IE00BYVJRF70	OMGSIAE	0.00%	0.91%	0.75%	EUR 1,000,000	EUR 100,000

The ongoing charges figure is based on the expenses of the Fund for the 12 month period ended 07/2026. Where the Fund invests in other underlying funds, which may include closed-ended funds such as investment trusts, the ongoing charges figure will include the ongoing charges for those funds, and will therefore vary from year to year. The ongoing charges figure excludes portfolio transaction costs, except in the case of an entry/ exit charge paid by the Fund when buying or selling shares in another collective investment undertaking.

Fund Information as at 30.09.2026

Product Information

Launch Date Fund:	08.03.2016
Launch Date Share Class:	08.03.2016
Morningstar Category:	MS Sector Equity Precious Metals
SFDR Rating:	Article 6
Target Benchmark:	50% Gold Spot Rate & 50% FTSE Gold Mines - Net Total Return Index

Price Information

Valuation Day:	Every Business Day in Ireland
Base Currency Fund:	USD
Currency Share Class:	EUR
Available on:	www.jupiteram.com

Fund Size

Fund Value:	EUR 2,671m
Holdings:	65

The composite benchmark is not expected to include exposure to silver, therefore although a large proportion of the Fund's investments may be components of the composite benchmark, the Fund has the ability to deviate significantly from the composite benchmark for example, as a result of the fund's exposure to silver.

JUPITER ASSET MANAGEMENT

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This is a marketing communication. Please refer to the latest sales prospectus of the sub-fund and to the Key Investor Information Document (KIID) (for investors based in the UK) and Key Information Document (KID) (for investors based in the EU), particularly to the sub-fund's investment objective and characteristics including those related to ESG (if applicable), before making any final investment decisions.

This document is for informational purposes only and is not investment advice. Market and exchange rate movements can cause the value of an investment to fall as well as rise, and you may get back less than originally invested. Initial charges are likely to have a greater proportionate effect on returns if investments are liquidated in the shorter term. This is not an invitation to subscribe for shares in the Jupiter Asset Management Series plc (the Company) or any other fund managed by Jupiter Asset Management (Europe) Limited or Jupiter Asset Management Limited. The Company is an investment company with variable capital established as an umbrella fund with segregated liability between sub-funds which is authorised and regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland pursuant to the European Communities (Undertakings for Collective Investment in Transferable Securities) Regulations 2011, as amended. Registered in Ireland under registration number 271517. 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Jupiter Factsheets - Glossary of Terms

Absolute return: the total return of an asset, portfolio or fund over a given period of time OR an investment approach that attempts to achieve a return which is not benchmarked against an index.

Ask / Bid price: the lowest price a seller is willing to sell a security for / the highest price a buyer is willing to pay for a security.

Bond: a debt instrument ('I Owe You') issued by a company (corporate bond), government (sovereign/government bond) or other institution in order to raise money. In most cases, bonds pay a fixed interest rate (coupon) over a fixed period of time and will be repaid on a particular date. See **Coupon**.

Convertibles: securities (e.g. bonds or preference shares) that can be exchanged at some point in the future for a specified number of shares at a specified price of the company issuing the securities. See **Bond**.

Coupon: denotes the interest in % paid on a bond See **Bond**.

Credit rating: an assessment of a borrower's credit worthiness, i.e. the likelihood of the borrower to repay its debts.

Derivative: a financial instrument that derives its value from its underlying assets. Common underlying assets include stocks, bonds, commodities, currencies, interest rates and market indices. Futures contracts, forward contracts, options and swaps are the most common types of derivatives. Derivatives can be purchased 'on margin', i.e. at a fraction of the value of the underlying asset. Thus, they are 'leveraged' instruments where the risk of loss can be greater than the initial outlay. Derivatives can be used like insurance contracts (i.e. to hedge market risk) or for investment purposes. See **Hedge, Leverage.**

Distribution Yield: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Duration/Modified Duration: Duration estimates the sensitivity of a bond or bond fund to changes in interest rates. It is measured in years. The longer a bond's duration, the more sensitive it is to interest rate movements. Modified duration estimates the effect that a 1% change in interest rates will have on the price of a bond or bond fund.

Economic Gross: the gross exposure adjusted to account for investments with mutually exclusive outcomes, for example a short position hedge on a share that is also held as a long position. See **Gross exposure, Long/short position, Hedge**.

Effective duration: estimates the sensitivity of a bond's price to changes in benchmark interest rates. Effective duration is required for the measurement of interest rate risk for complex types of bonds. See **Bond**.

Engagement: means dialogue with management teams and boards, including non-executive directors. Engagement enables us to assess and influence how businesses are managed.

Equity: a share representing an ownership interest in a company. Equity market means stock market.

Exchange Traded Fund (ETF): a fund vehicle that is traded like a stock on a stock exchange. It is used to track and mimic the performance of a specific market index.

Exposure: describes the level of risk to a particular asset, asset type, sector, market or government. Also, the directional market exposure of a (absolute return) fund. See **Absolute Return, Gross/Net exposure**.

Fixed interest/income: denotes debt instruments (securities) that pay a fixed interest rate (e.g. bond, commercial paper). Also, a universal term for bond or debt investing. See **Bond.**

Floating rate note (FRN): a bond with a variable interest rate. The interest rate is variable as it is tied to a benchmark such as LIBOR (London Interbank Offered Rate). See **Bond**.

Futures: an exchange traded contract between two parties to buy or sell a commodity or a financial instrument at a pre-determined price at a future date. See **Bond Future, Derivative**.

Gearing: measures a company's borrowings (debt) as a proportion of assets. See **Leverage**.

Gross exposure: the percentage value of the long positions plus the percentage value of the short positions. See **Net exposure**.

Hedge: an investment designed to reduce the risk of adverse price movements in an asset by taking an offsetting position. Derivatives are usually used as hedging tools. See **Derivative**.

High Water Mark: the highest level that a fund's net asset value (NAV) has reached at the end of any 12-month accounting period. See **Net Asset Value**.

High yield bond: a bond with a high coupon payment and typically a low/no credit rating (below investment grade, e.g. BBB-). See **Bond**, **Coupon**.

Historic yield: reflects distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the price, as at the date shown. It does not include any initial charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

Hurdle Rate: the minimum level of return required before a fund can charge a performance fee. See **Performance fee**.

Leverage: the use of financial instruments (e.g. debt) to increase the potential return of an investment. See **Notional value**.

Liquidity: measures how easily an asset or security can be converted into cash.

Long/short position: a long position is buying a security with the expectation that it will deliver a positive return if its value goes up and a negative return if its value falls. Conversely, a short position involves selling a borrowed security with the expectation of buying it back at a lower price to make a profit. However, if the security goes up in value, a short position will make a loss.

Maturity: refers to a finite time period at the end of which a security/debt instrument is due to be repaid. See **Bond**.

Money market: markets in which short-term (less than one year) debt instruments are traded. Money market instruments are typically cash deposits and commercial papers.

Net asset value (NAV): in relation to a fund, the market value of its assets less its liabilities. The market value is usually determined by the price at which an investor can redeem shares.

Net exposure: the percentage value of the long positions less the percentage value of the short positions. See **Gross Exposure, Long/short Position.**

Non-rated bonds: bonds that are not rated. See **Bond**.

Notional value: commonly used in relation to a derivative, denotes the theoretical value of its underlying asset. See **Derivative**.

Open-ended Investment Company (OEIC): a fund vehicle, which can issue a limitless number of shares whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. OEICs normally list a single price based on the NAV. See **Net Asset Value**.

Performance fee: a fee paid to an asset manager for generating positive returns above a hurdle rate.

Preferred bonds: have greater seniority when a bond issuer repays its debts. In the event that the issuer cannot repay all its debt, the holders of preferred bonds will be further forward in the queue for repayment than holders of other ('non-preferred') bonds.

Share: a unit of ownership interest in a company or financial asset. Also **Equity**.

SICAV:Société d'Investissement à Capital Variable. A type of open-ended fund widely used in Europe.

Spread: the difference between the bid and the ask price of a single security. It can also refer to the difference in price between two securities. See **Ask/Bid price**.

Stewardship: our responsibility to understand and manage investment risks we take on behalf of our clients. We consider material Environmental, Social and Governance ('ESG') information in the same way as we consider other types of investment analysis. These three factors enable us to evaluate how companies interact with the Environment (such as climate change), Society (human rights) and Governance (management). Stewardship entails a responsibility to monitor and engage with the companies in which we invest.

Sustainability: by appropriately considering ESG risks and engaging with companies, we strive to generate long term, sustainable returns for our clients.

Total return: the capital gain or loss plus any income generated by an investment over a given period.

Underlying Yield: reflects the amounts that may be expected to be distributed, net of expenses, over the next twelve months as a percentage of the price of the fund as at the date shown. It is based on a snapshot of the portfolio on that day. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on distributions.

Unit Trust: A fund vehicle which can issue a limitless number of units whose value are directly linked to the value of its underlying investments. Jupiter Unit Trusts are single priced, which means they have one price for buying and selling.

Value at Risk (VaR): value at Risk, a mathematical way of measuring the maximum expected loss of an investment over a period of time.

Volatility: measures how much the price of a security moves up or down over a period of time. A stock that experiences big price swings has high volatility, while one which moves up or down in smaller increments has low volatility.

Yield to Maturity (YTM): measures the annual return an investor can anticipate for holding a particular bond until it matures. When considering an entire bond portfolio, an average yield is used based on the weightings of individual bonds within that portfolio.

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