

ECHIQUIER ARTY SRI G

OCTOBER 2025 (data as of 10/31/2025)



Echiquier Arty SRI is a diversified fund invested in both European corporate bonds and European equity markets. The portfolio manager is looking for the best yielding asset that firms can provide.





670 M€ Net assets



1.317.15 € ΝΔΜ

Recommended investment horizon



Fund Managers

Uriel Saragusti, Louis Porrini

Characteristics

Compartiment de Sicav Type Echiquier

Creation of the Sicav 12/04/2012 Indefinite Lifetime Creation of the subfund 05/30/2008 Date of 1st NAV 12/31/2015 FR0013084043 Bloomberg code FINARTG FP Base currency FUR

Income allocation Accumulation

50% IBOXX FUR CORP 3-5 ANS

25% MSCI EUROPE NR, 25% Ref. Indic.

€STER CAPITALISE

SFDR classification Article 8

Financial information

3% max. not acquired by the Entry charge subfund

None

1.10% incl. taxes Management fees

Performance fee

Swing pricing No (definition on last page)

Min. subscription None

Fees as of 03/31/2025

Exit charge

Management fees and other administrative and operating expenses

Transaction costs Outperformance fees None

Operational information

Valorisation frequency Daily Cut off Noon Settlement D+2

Fund administrator Société Générale BNP Paribas SA Custodian Decimalisation Thousandths

Fund Manager comments

Echiquier Arty SRI G turned in a positive monthly performance of 0.66% and of 4.79% year-to-date.

Despite ongoing economic and geopolitical uncertainty, the markets continued to rise in October, buoyed by the earnings season. The equity component posted a gain of over 1%, though this was lower than the European index. This relative underperformance was primarily due to profit-taking in the defence sector and the sharp decline in Scor, despite its earnings being better than expected. The European Central Bank confirmed its intention to maintain the deposit rate at 2%, as it grows more confident in its forecasts for the upcoming economic recovery and anticipates the implementation of military and infrastructure spending plans. Across the Atlantic, the US Federal Reserve (Fed) delivered another rate cut, though it tempered expectations of an additional cut in December. The sector rose by 0.6%, in line with investment-grade indices whose risk premiums fell by 5 basis points and significantly outperformed high-yield indices, which rose by 10 basis points. The segment benefited from easing rates on the five- to ten-year part of the curve

Evolution of the performance of the fund and its reference indicator since inception (base 100)



Ref. Indic.: source Bloomberg

Perf. (%)

			Annualised			
	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	Since inception
Fund	+0.7	+4.8	+5.7	+6.5	+3.8	+2.8
Ref. Indic.	+1.0	+6.2	+7.1	+7.2	+4.3	+2.8





ast performance is not an indication of future performance. Returns indicated are after management fees but before taxes paid by the investor The fund's performance and that of the benchmark index are calculated with net coupons reinvested. All fees and commission

Until the 12/31/2021, the reference index was 50% IBOXX EUR CORP 3-5 ANS, 25% EONIA CAPITALISE, 25% MSCI EUROPE NR. And since the 01/01/2022, 50% IBOXX EUR CORP 3-5 ANS, 25% €STER CAPITALISE, 25% MSCI EUROPE NR

Other risk indicators (based on weekly figures)	1 year	3 Years	5 Years	10 years	Since inception
Fund volatility	4.2	4.3	5.1	-	- 6.2
Ref. indicator volatility	3.7	3.8	4.2		- 4.6
Sharpe ratio	1.4	1.5	0.7	-	- 0.5
Beta	1.1	1.1	1.1	-	- 1.3
Correlation	0.9	0.9	0.9	-	- 0.9
Information ratio	-0.7	-0.4	-0.3	-	- 0
Tracking error	1.5	1.6	1.9	-	- 2.4
Max. drawdown of the fund	-4.4	-4.4	-14.1	-	17.1
Max. drawdown of the benchmark	-4.4	-4.4	-11.2	-	12.3
Time to recovery (business days)	23.0	23.0	409.0	-	174.0

Risk indicator

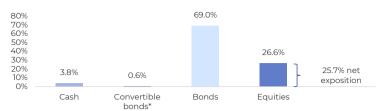


Important risk(s) for the fund not taken into account in this risk, guarantees. The risk associated with this fund is not guaranteed and may change over time.

synthetic risk indicator shows the level of risk of this product compared with others. It indicates the probability that this product will incur losses in the event of market movements or if we are unable to pay you. We have classified the product in risk class 2 out of 7, which is a low to medium risk class. In other words, the potential losses associated with the future performance of the product are low to medium and, if the situation were to deteriorate on the financial markets, it is unlikely that our ability to pay you would be affected.

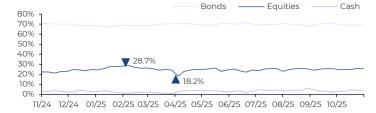
This indicator represents the risk profile shown in the KID. The risk indicator assumes that you hold the share for 5 years. Warning: the real risk may be very different if you opt to exit before that time, and you may get less in return

Asset class breakdown

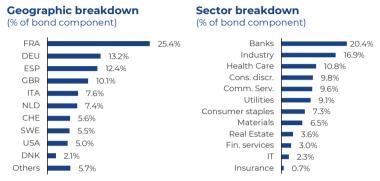


* funds included. Source: LFDE

Real exposure per asset class over 1 year



Fixed Income Component



Source: LFDE Source: Bloomberg

Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Weight (%)
Caixabank 4.375% 11/33	ESP	1.3
Unicredit 4.8% 01/29	ITA	1.3
Astrazeneca 3.75% 03/32	GBR	1.3
B. Santander 4.25% 06/30	ESP	1.3
LVMH 3.5% 09/23	FRA	1.2

Bond pocket profile

Number of Bonds	144	Fixed rate bonds	89.5%
Duration ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	4.7	Floating rate bonds	9.7%
Modified duration ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	4.7	Convertible bonds	0.8%
Yield ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	3.3%		
Yield (all calls exercised) ⁽¹⁾	NS		

(1) excluding convertible bonds, (2) to convention (Bloomberg) Source: LFDE, Bloomberg

Equity Component



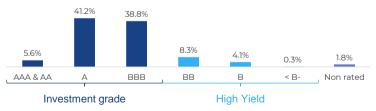
Top holdings

Holdings	Country	Weight (%)
ASML	NLD	1.6
Schneider Electric	FRA	1.2
SAP	DEU	1.1
Rolls-Royce	GBR	1.1
Enel	ITA	1.0

Equity pocket profile

Number of Equities	40
EV/Sales 2025	4.3
PER 2025	21.6
Yield	2.5%
Median market capitalization (M€)	65,141

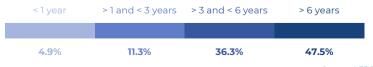
Rating breakdown (% of bond component*)



* excluding convertible bonds. Source: LFDE

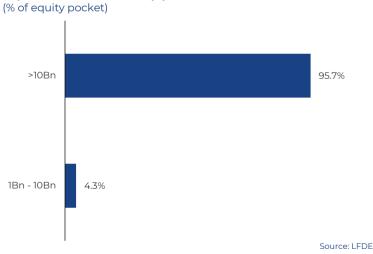
Fixed rate bonds maturity breakdown

(calculation carried out at the next call date)



Source: LFDE

Capitalization breakdown (€)



GREaT profile of the portfolio

ESG Approach	Score improvement ¹
Comparison universe adjustment rate	25%
Weighted average GREaT score of the portfoio	7.09
Weighted average GREaT score of restated comparison universe ²	6.80

The GREaT score is based on an ESG analysis methodology proprietary to the LBP AM Group.

The $\dot{\text{GREaT}}$ score scale ranges from 1 to 10, with 10 representing the highest ESG quality of an issuer.

¹ The ESG "score improvement" approach consists in obtaining a weighted average GREaT score for the portfolio that is higher than that of the restated comparison universe.

² The restated comparison universe corresponds to the universe from which we have

² The restated comparison universe corresponds to the universe from which we have removed a percentage of issuers - corresponding to the restatement rate of the comparison universe - being on an exclusion list applicable to the portfolio and/or having the worst CDEAT corres

ESG: Environmental, Social and Governance criteria.

To find out more about the composition of the comparison universe, please consult the fund's prospectus.

GREaT methodology

Responsible governance

(a)

Sustainable **R**esource

Encouraging the dissemination of best practices in corporate governance and business ethics.

Sustainable management of human and natural resources: respect for human rights, development of labor laws, sustainable relations with suppliers and environmental protection.



Energy Transition

Regional development

Manage climate risks by supporting the transition from a high-carbon economic model to a more sober and sustainable one.

Promote responsible practices that meet social and sustainable development objectives and create value for all stakeholders in the value chain.

	Portfolio	Portfolio coverage	Comparable	Coverage of comparable	Type of comparable	
G - Responsible governance	6.68	97.7%	5.94	99.1%		
R - Sustainable resource management	6.55	97.7%	5.86	99.1%		
E - Energy transition	7.06	97.7%	6.11	99.1%	— Comparison universe	
T - Regional development	6.61	97.7%	5.76	97.4%		

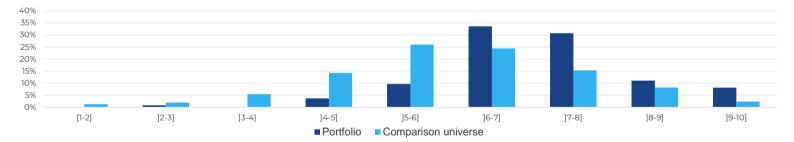
As the fund does not make any performance commitments relative to its comparable on the GREaT pillars, the portfolio score may be higher or lower than that of its comparable.

	Portfolio	Portfolio coverage
Qualitative Governance Score*	С	76.4%
weighted average	· ·	7 51 170

^{*} LFDE has implemented a proprietary methodology for qualitative analysis of corporate governance, which results in a governance rating for issuers, on a scale from A to G - with A representing the best governance quality of an issuer.

Each issuer in the portfolio must undergo such an analysis and achieve a minimum governance score of E. This score complements the quantitative "Responsible Governance" score assigned by the GREaT model.

Breakdown of portfolio and comparison universe by GREaT score



Best GREaT scores in the portfolio and contribution of each pillar to the issuer's GREaT score

Weight in portfolio	GREaT Score	G	R	Е	Т
0.2%	10.00	8.1%	30.9%	30.1%	30.9%
0.6%	10.00	9.8%	28.1%	35.9%	26.2%
0.3%	9.64	21.8%	30.7%	29.0%	18.5%
0.5%	9.55	20.7%	35.7%	13.2%	30.4%
0.2%	9.51	24.8%	24.2%	16.6%	34.4%
	0.2% 0.6% 0.3% 0.5%	0.2% 10.00 0.6% 10.00 0.3% 9.64 0.5% 9.55	0.2% 10.00 8.1% 0.6% 10.00 9.8% 0.3% 9.64 21.8% 0.5% 9.55 20.7%	0.2% 10.00 8.1% 30.9% 0.6% 10.00 9.8% 28.1% 0.3% 9.64 21.8% 30.7% 0.5% 9.55 20.7% 35.7%	0.2% 10.00 8.1% 30.9% 30.1% 0.6% 10.00 9.8% 28.1% 35.9% 0.3% 9.64 21.8% 30.7% 29.0% 0.5% 9.55 20.7% 35.7% 13.2%

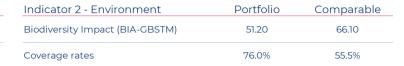
Portfolio sustainability indicator

	Portfolio	Minimum commitment
Percentage of sustainable investment	57.8%	40.0%

According to the European SFDR (Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation), a sustainable investment is an investment in an economic activity that contributes to an environmental or social objective, provided that these investments do not cause significant harm to either of these objectives and that the companies in which the investments are made apply good governance practices.

The percentage of sustainable investment presented here is based on the LBP AM Group's proprietary methodology, available in full on our website: https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/sfdrmethodologie-investissement-durable.pdf

Indicator 1 - Environment	Portfolio	Comparable
Net Zero trajectory	62.7%	40.1%
Coverage rates	100.0%	100.0%







Indicator methodology 1

Indicator name	Definition	Unit of measurement
Net Zero trajectory	Percentage of companies whose greenhouse gas emission reduction targets are validated by SBTI.	%

Source(s): CDP TEMP

Indicator methodology 2

GBS: Global Biodiversity Score - estimate of a company's impact on biodiversity, taking into account its historical activity, linked to land artificialisation, overexploitation of resources, pollution and climate change. The higher the score, the greater the company's impact on biodiversity.	Indicator name	Definition	Unit of measurement
	9 1 (Score - estimate of a company's impact on biodiversity, taking into account its historical activity, linked to land artificialisation, overexploitation of resources, pollution and climate change. The higher the score, the greater the company's	MSA.ppb*/Md€ invested

Source(s): CDC_BIO

For more information on the methodologies used to calculate sustainability indicators and on our approach as a responsible investor, please refer to the documents available on our website at the following address: www.lfde.com/fr/investissement-responsable/pour-aller-plus-loin/.

The French government SRI-label is valid for a limited period and is subject to regular re-evaluation. The fact that a sub-fund has been awarded the label does not mean that it does meet your own sustainability objectives or that the label meets the requirements of future national or European regulations

Extra-financial objective of the portfolio

The financial product's SRI management approach consists of identifying the companies with the best sustainable development practices, according to the management company's

This analysis is based on the management company's own GREaT philosophy, articulated around the following 4 pillars:

- Responsible Governance: this pillar aims to assess the organization and effectiveness of powers within issuers (balance of power, executive remuneration, business ethics).
- Sustainable resource management: this pillar examines issuers' environmental impacts and human capital management (quality of working conditions and management of relations with suppliers).
- Economic and energy transition: this pillar assesses issuers' energy transition strategy (greenhouse gas reduction and response to long-term challenges).

• Territorial development: this pillar analyzes issuers' strategy in terms of access to basic services.

Several criteria are identified for each pillar and monitored using indicators collected from extra-financial rating agencies (MSCI ESG Research, Moody's ESG and EthiFinance Ratings). This methodology helps reduce bias, particularly in terms of capital and sector

This quantitative analysis is complemented by a qualitative analysis of issuer governance. LFDE has implemented a proprietary methodology for qualitative analysis of corporate governance, which results in a governance score assigned to issuers. This score complements the quantitative "Responsible Governance" score assigned by the GREaT model. This analysis is based on LFDE's experience and aims to identify issuers where good governance and managerial excellence drive social and environmental initiatives that create value for all stakeholders.

Ultimately, the management company is the sole judge of an issuer's extra-financial quality, which is expressed:

According to a GREaT score between 1 and 10 - 10 representing the best ESG quality of an issuer.

In addition, the management company applies sector and normative exclusions designed to limit investment in issuers with excessive negative impacts. Our sector exclusion lists include certain issuers in controversial sectors such as tobacco, gambling, coal, oil and gas, according to criteria defined by the management company. Our normative exclusion list is constructed on the basis of analyses of ESG controversies or allegations, and identifies cases of severe, systematic and uncorrected violations of ESG rights or infringements. In addition to the management company's common exclusion base, portfolios holding the French government's SRI label comply with the mandatory exclusions listed in its guidelines

Glossary

Lexicon of financial conditions

Mechanism by which the net asset value is adjusted upwards (or downwards) when the change in liabilities is positive (or negative) in order to reduce the cost of Swing pricing portfolio rebalancing to the holders of the fund as a result of changes in liabilities

Lexicon of risk indicators

Volatility Measure of the amplitude of variations in the price of a share, a market or a fund. It is calculated over a given period and is used to assess the regularity of the

performance of a share, market or fund.

Indicator of the (marginal) return obtained per unit of risk taken. Sharpe ratio

If the ratio is negative: less profitability than the benchmark. If the ratio is between 0 and 1: outperformance with too much" risk taken.

Bêta If the ratio is greater than 1: outperformance that does not come at the cost of "too much" risk."Indicator which corresponds to the fund's sensitivity in relation to

For a beta of less than 1, the fund is likely to fall less than its index; if the beta is greater than 1, the fund is likely to fall more than its index.

Information ratio Synthetic indicator of the effectiveness of the risk/return trade-off. A high indicator means that the fund regularly outperforms its benchmark index.

An indicator that compares the fund's volatility with that of its benchmark index. The higher the tracking error, the further the fund's average performance is Tracking error

from its benchmark index.

Max drawdown measures the biggest fall in the value of a portfolio.

days)

Sensitivity

Time to recovery (business Recovery time, which corresponds to the time needed for the portfolio to return to its highest level (before the "max drawdown").

Variation in the value of an asset when another factor varies at the same time. For example, the interest-rate sensitivity of a bond corresponds to the variation in its price caused by a rise or fall in interest rates of one basis point (0.01%).

Lexicon of financial analysis

FV/Sales Enterprise valuation ratio: enterprise value/sales

PER Company valuation ratio: Price Earning Ratio = market capitalisation/net profit.

Consumer discretionary In contrast to basic consumption, it represents all goods and services considered non-essential. **Basic consumption** As opposed to discretionary consumption, it represents goods and services considered essential.

Communication Services This sector includes telecoms network operators and providers of communications and data transmission services

Emerging countries Emerging countries are countries whose economic situation is in the process of development. This growth is calculated on the basis of GDP, new businesses

and infrastructure, and the standard of living and quality of life of the inhabitants.

Commodities A natural resource used in the production of semi-finished or finished products, or as a source of energy

Lexicon of credit analysis

Investment grade bond A bond is said to be "investment grade", i.e. if its financial rating by the rating agencies is higher than BB+.

High vield bond A high-yield bond is one rated below BBB- by the rating agencies.

The average life of its cash flows weighted by their present value. All other things being equal, the higher the duration, the greater the risk.

Yield to worst The worst return a bond can achieve without the issuer defaulting.

Yield (all calls exercised) The yield on a bond includes any call dates incorporated into the bond. These "call" dates correspond to intermediate maturities which give the possibility of

redeeming the bond before its final maturity date.

For more information

The SICAV was created on December 4, 2012 for an indefinite period. The subfund was launched on May 30, 2008.

This document, which is of a commercial nature, is above all a monthly report on the management and risks of the sub-fund. It is also intended to provide you with simplified information on For further information on the characteristics and costs of this sub-fund, we invite you to read the regulatory documents (prospectus available in English and French and DIC in the official

languages of your country) available free of charge on our website www.lfde.com. Investors or potential investors are informed that they can obtain a summary of their rights in the official language of their country or in English on the Regulatory Information page of the

www.lfde.com company's website or directly via the link https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf Information on withholding tax rates: for distribution units, dividends paid are taxed at 30%. For capitalization units of funds investing more than 10% of their net assets in debt securities.

taxation at 30% on income derived directly or indirectly from the yield on debt securities. Investors or potential investors may also file a claim in accordance with the procedure laid down by the management company. This information is available in the official language of the

Regulatory Information page of the management company's website English the www.lfde.com or on directly https://cdn.lfde.com/upload/partner/Droitsdelinvestisseur.pdf

Finally, the investor's attention is drawn to the fact that the manager or the management company may decide to terminate the marketing agreements for its collective investment schemes in accordance with Article 93a of Directive 2009/65/EC and Article 32a of Directive 2011/61/EU